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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/666,319	09/19/2003	Robert Edward Wilson	10030442-1	7914
7590 11/30/2005			EXAMINER	
AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.			CHIEM, DINH D	
Legal Department, DL429 Intellectual Property Administration			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 7599			2883	
Loveland, CO 80537-0599			DATE MAILED: 11/30/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		XX			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons	10/666,319	WILSON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Erin D. Chiem	2883			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing	IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Oc	ctober 2005.				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-9 is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers	·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of the	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: ____.

DETAILED ACTION

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This office action is in response to the amendment filed on October 27, 2005. Currently, claims 1, 5, and 7 are amended. An IDS (US Form - 892) will not be provided since the cited references in this office action are the same as the previously cited reference.

Claim Objections

Claim 2 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. The recitation that the assembly is a fiber optic connector is recited in claim 1. The Examiner respectfully points out that the assembly is a fiber optic connector with or without the limitation of claim 2.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

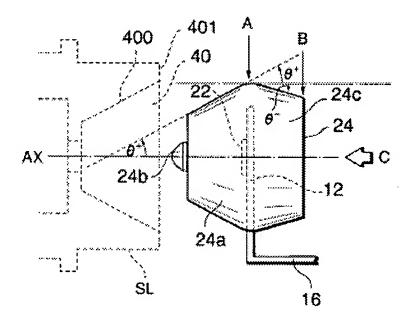
Claims 1-5 and 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irie et al. (US 6,354,747 B1) in view of Freeman et al. (US 5,195,156).

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Regarding claim 1 Irie et al teach an optical assembly comprising a package including an optoelectronic component, an InGaAs laser diode (col. 7, line 29), an alignment feature mounted to a surface of the package (Fig. 4A, 24), a sleeve, wherein the alignment feature is inserted into the sleeve (Fig. 2, 8) and the sleeve is sized to mate with a ferrule of the fiber optic connector (col. 4, line 50-53).

Regarding claim 3, the alignment feature is a cylindrical post, not emphasized in reference but visible in Fig. 7A, the stepped features to the left of the three bore holes (h1, h2, h3). The cylindrical post has a bore hole allowing the emitted light from the package to pass through (Fig. 4A, a long the AX line, Fig. 5C, the central hole). The bore hole allows the light emitting from the condensing lens, in a shape of a solid partial sphere (claim 5), to pass through. Claim 5 is further amended to add the limitation

--the outer surface of the solid partial sphere contacting the inner surface of the single bore of the sleeve—



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In Fig.4A, the particular embodiment shows that the base 24 fits snugly in the element SL thus the solid partial sphere 24b will make contact the inner surface of the sleeve.

Claim 8 recites:

"The assembly of claim 1, wherein the package is selected from a group consisting of an optoelectronic chip enclosure and a TO can."

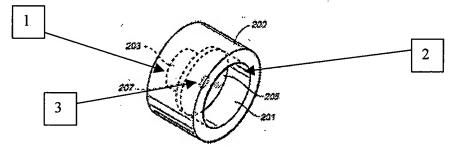
In Irie et al. invention, the head (24) is an optoelectronic chip enclosure. Furthermore, admitted by the Applicant in Fig. 18 (226) that TO can is known as prior art.

However, Irie et al. do not disclose a sleeve defining a single bore with a constant inner diameter wherein the alignment feature and a ferrule of a fiber optic connector are inserted into opposite ends of the bore to be aligned relative to each other. Irie, also, does not teach that the connector as specifically being an LC, ST, SC, or FC connector.

Freeman et al. teaches a sleeve 200 defining a single bore 207 with a constant inner diameter wherein the alignment feature and a ferrule of a fiber optic connector are inserted into the opposite ends of the bore to be aligned relative to each other. See Fig._4 and Fig._6.

The amended claim 1 further recites

--a sleeve defining a single bore with an inner surface having a constant diameter--

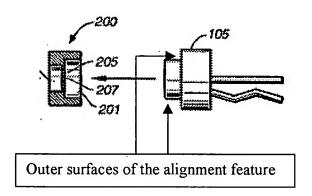


Freeman's connector element 200 has three inner diameters that are all constant. Due to the open-ended transitional recitation, Freeman's element 200 meets the limitation cited above.

The next limitation in continuance recites

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--a constant inner diameter for receiving and contacting outer surfaces of the alignment feature—



The alignment feature is in how the pieces are fitted together along the optical axis and in this case the feature is how element 105 fits into element 200. Once fitted, the outer surface of the sleeve 105 and the surface that is perpendicular to the sleeve are in contact with the constant diameter 2 of element 200. Furthermore, Freeman teaches as prior art that it is well known to incorporate an ST connector into the assembly to couple emitted light from the laser diode to the ferrule (col. 1, line 14-17).

Since Irie and Freeman are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Freeman would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Irie.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ the sleeve 200 of Freeman's connector assembly and connect to Irie's ferrule 50 by forming the base 24 with a constant diameter rather than a tapered design.

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<u>The motivation</u> for using the sleeve 200 is for standardizing the fitting of the light emitting element with any size ferrule by aligning the emitting beam with the fiber held by a ferrule and the sleeve 200 can fit into the tapering sleeve of Irie into the sleeve 200 and the opposite end of the sleeve 200 can fit into any other ferrule.

Claim 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irie et al. in view of Bartur et al. (US 6,652,158 B2).

Irie et al. teach an optical assembly comprising a package including an optoelectronic component, an alignment feature mounted to a surface of the package and a sleeve, wherein the alignment feature is inserted into the sleeve and the sleeve is sized to mate with a ferrule of the fiber optic connector. However, Irie et al. do not teach the alignment feature comprises a solid post comprising a transmissive material allowing emitted light to pass through.

Bartur et al. teach an optical assembly having an "active element" that is also an alignment element (Fig. 3, 24) that transmit the emitted light from the laser diode.

Since Irie et al. and Bartur et al. are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclose by Bartur et al. would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Irie et al.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ a silicon rod with a spherical distal end facing toward the ferrule, having acceptable transmissive index to allow light to pass through from the laser diode. By employing such rod that is able to transmit light as well allow an artisan to eliminate an extra element in the assembly such as the spherical lens. Thus reducing the manufacturing cost.

Response to Arguments

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Applicant's arguments filed October 27, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Examiner has demonstrated how Irie in view of Freeman still reads onto the amended limitations to independent claim 1 and dependent claim 5.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Erin D. Chiem whose telephone number is (571) 272-3102. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Frank G. Font can be reached on (571) 272-2415. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Erin D Chiem Examiner Art Unit 2883

Frank G. Font

Supervisory Primary Examiner

Frank & Fort

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Technology Center 2800